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B104 (FORM 104) (08/07) EDVA

ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHEET		ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NUMBER (Court Use Only)		
(Instructions on Reverse)		(court ese emy)		
PLAINTIFFS	DEFEND	ANTS		
ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.)	ATTORNEYS (If Known)			
PARTY (Check One Box Only)	PARTY (Check One Box Only)			
□ Debtor □ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin	□ Debtor	☐ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin		
□ Creditor □ Other	□ Creditor	□ Other		
☐ Trustee CAUSE OF ACTION (WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE	□ Trustee			
NATURE OF SUIT				
(Number up to five (5) boxes starting with lead cause of action as 1, first alternative cause as 2, second alternative cause as 3, etc.)				
FRBP 7001(1) – Recovery of Money/Property		6) – Dischargeability (continued)		
11-Recovery of money/property - §542 turnover of property 12-Recovery of money/property - §547 preference	61-Dischargeability - §523(a)(5), domestic support 68-Dischargeability - §523(a)(6), willful and malicious injury			
13-Recovery of money/property - §548 fraudulent transfer	63-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(8), student loan			
14-Recovery of money/property - other	64-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(15), divorce or separation obligation (other than domestic support)			
FRBP 7001(2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien □ 21-Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property	65-Dischargeability - other			
FRBP 7001(3) - Approval of Sale of Property		7) - Injunctive Relief ctive relief – imposition of stay		
31-Approval of sale of property of estate and of a co-owner - §363(h)	_	ctive relief – other		
FRBP 7001(4) – Objection/Revocation of Discharge 41-Objection / revocation of discharge - \$727(c),(d),(e)	FRBP 7001(8) Subordination of Claim or Interest 81-Subordination of claim or interest			
EDDD 7004/5) D	□ 61-3u00	difficultion of claim of interest		
FRBP 7001(5) − Revocation of Confirmation 51-Revocation of confirmation		D) Declaratory Judgment uratory judgment		
FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability	FRBP 7001(1	(0) Determination of Removed Action		
☐ 66-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims ☐ 62-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation,		rmination of removed claim or cause		
actual fraud	Other	C 15 U.S.C. 9970 4		
67-Dischargeability - §523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement, larceny	_	. Case – 15 U.S.C. §§78aaa <i>et.seq</i> . • (e.g. other actions that would have been brought in state court		
(continued next column)		related to bankruptcy case)		
☐ Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law		this is asserted to be a class action under FRCP 23		
☐ Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint	Demand \$			
Other Relief Sought				

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B104 (FORM 104) (08/07), Page 2

BANKRUPTCY CASE IN WHICH THIS ADVERSARY PROCEEDING ARISES				
NAME OF DEBTOR		BANKRUPTCY CASE NO.		
DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING		DIVISION OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
RELATED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (IF ANY)				
PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	Γ	ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NO.	
DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDIN	\G	DIVISION OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)				
DATE		PRINT NAME OF ATTORNE	Y (OR PLAINTIFF)	

INSTRUCTIONS

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also complete and file Form 104, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, *unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system (CM/ECF). (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 104 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheet summarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The clerk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

Plaintiffs and **Defendants.** Give the names of the plaintiffs and defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and the second column for the defendants.

Demand. Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

Signature. This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the box on the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is pro se, that is, not represented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.

*Per LBR 7003-1, in the EDVA, a properly completed Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet is required.

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Counsel to Plaintiff
Alfred H. Siegel, Trustee of the Circuit City Stores,
Inc. Liquidating Trust

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DIVISION

In re:) Case No. 08-35653 (KRH)	
CIRCUIT CITY STORES, INC., et al.,) Chapter 11	
Debtors.) (Jointly Administered)	
ALFRED H. SIEGEL, AS TRUSTEE OF THE CIRCUIT CITY STORES, INC. LIQUIDATING TRUST,		
Plaintiff,)	
v.)	
BERKSHIRE-AMHERST, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability corporation,)))	
Defendant.	,	

THE LIQUIDATING TRUSTEE'S COMPLAINT FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT AND OTHER AMOUNTS OWING TO THE ESTATE AND OBJECTION TO CLAIM

Alfred H. Siegel, the duly appointed trustee of the Circuit City Stores, Inc. Liquidating Trust (the "Trustee"), pursuant to the Second Amended Joint Plan of Liquidation of Circuit City Stores, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors and Debtors in

Possession and its Official Committee of Creditors Holding General Unsecured Claims (the "Plan"), for his complaint and objection to claims (the "Complaint") against Berkshire-Amherst, LLC ("Defendant"), alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. The Trustee brings this action against Defendant to recover amounts due for landlord reimbursements under the parties' lease agreement for real property leased by Circuit City from Defendant. In addition to contractual claims, the Trustee seeks recovery for unjust enrichment and turnover of property of the bankruptcy estates. Finally, the Trustee objects to Defendant's proofs of claim filed against the above-captioned estates.

THE PARTIES

- 2. The Trustee ("Trustee" or "Plaintiff") is the duly appointed trustee of the Circuit City Stores, Inc. Liquidating Trust (the "Trust"). Pursuant to Articles II and III of the Trust, the Trustee has the sole authority to pursue claims transferred to the Trust through the Plan, and to litigate objections to claims asserted against the Debtors' estates.
- 3. Prior to the Effective Date of the Plan, Circuit City Stores, Inc. and its affiliated debtors in possession (collectively "Circuit City" or the "Debtors")¹ were the debtors in the above-captioned chapter 11 bankruptcy cases.

The Debtors and the last four digits of their respective taxpayer identification numbers are as follows: Circuit City Stores, Inc. (3875), Circuit City Stores West Coast, Inc. (0785), InterTAN, Inc. (0875), Ventoux International, Inc. (1838), Circuit City Purchasing Company, LLC (5170), CC Aviation, LLC (0841), CC Distribution Company of Virginia, Inc. (2821), Circuit City Properties, LLC (3353), Kinzer Technology, LLC (2157), Abbott Advertising Agency, Inc. (4659), Patapsco Designs, Inc.(6796), Sky Venture Corp. (0311), PRAHS, Inc.(n/a), XSStuff, LLC (9263), Mayland

4. Upon information and belief, defendant Berkshire-Amherst, LLC is a limited liability corporation organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, with its principal place of business in Springfield, Massachusetts.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- This Court has jurisdiction to consider this matter under 28
 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334.
 - 6. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b).
- 7. Venue of these chapter 11 cases and this adversary proceeding in this district and before this Court is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- 8. The statutory and legal predicates for the relief requested by the Complaint are sections 105, 502, 503, 541 and 542 of title 11, United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), Bankruptcy Rules 3007 and 7001, and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3007-1.

PERTINENT FACTS

A. General Case Background

9. On November 10, 2008 (the "Petition Date"), the Debtors filed voluntary petitions in this Court for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, and until the effective date of the Plan, continued to operate as debtors in possession pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1107 and 1108.

⁽cont'd from previous page)

MN, LLC (6116), Courchevel, LLC (n/a), Orbyx Electronics, LLC (3360), and Circuit City Stores PR, LLC (5512).

- 10. On November 12, 2008, the Office of the United States

 Trustee for the Eastern District of Virginia appointed a statutory committee of
 unsecured creditors (the "Creditors' Committee").
- 11. On January 16, 2009, the Court authorized the Debtors to, among other things, conduct going out of business sales at all of the Debtors' retail locations (the "Stores") pursuant to an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement") between the Debtors and a joint venture, as agent (the "Agent"). On January 17, 2009, the Agent commenced going out of business sales at the Stores pursuant to the Agency Agreement. As of March 8, 2009, the going out of business sales at the Debtors' stores were completed.
- 12. On August 9, 2010, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee filed the Plan, which provides for the liquidation of the Debtors' assets and distribution of the proceeds thereof under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 13. On September 10, 2010, the United States Bankruptcy Court, Eastern District of Virginia, signed an Order confirming the Plan.
- 14. The Plan became effective on November 1, 2010 (the "Effective Date").
- B. The Relationship Between Circuit City And
 Defendant, and the Debtors' Outstanding Landlord
 Reimbursement claims
- 15. Prior to the commencement of these bankruptcy cases, the

 Debtors were a leading specialty retailer of consumer electronics and operated large

 nationwide electronics stores that sold, among other things, televisions, home theatre

systems, computers, camcorders, furniture, software, imaging and telecommunications products, and other audio and video electronics.

- 16. At all material times, Defendant owned a real property that was occupied by the Debtors pursuant to a Lease Agreement dated June 27, 2007 (the "Agreement") that governed the parties' relationship. The location and Circuit City store location number for the real property (the "Property") were as follows: Location # 4272, Amherst Crossing Shopping Center, 123 Route 101A, Amherst, NH 03031.
- 17. Pursuant to the Agreement for the Property, at section 2.03 thereof, the Debtors were entitled to a landlord reimbursement ("LR") for enhancements made by the Debtors in order to improve the property so that the Debtors could open a Circuit City retail store on the premises, which store was outfitted to satisfy the Debtors' usual high standards.
- 18. During the ordinary course of the Debtors' business, the Debtors maintained books and records of their transactions with Defendant (the "Books and Records"). According to the Books and Records, the following amount is due and owing from Defendant to the Debtors for unpaid LR for the Property (the "Unpaid LR Obligation"): \$1,727,455.00.
- 19. The Debtors' determination of the Unpaid LR Obligation was calculated according to Section 2.03 of the Lease, which defined landlord reimbursement as the product of an agreed-upon reimbursement amount per square foot (\$85.00) multiplied by the floor area of the premises. Section 2.03 of the Lease

also indicates when payment of the TIA should occur. The landlord reimbursement was due within 30 days of the completion of both of the following:

- 1) substantial completion of the building, and
- 2) tenant's furnishing of all of the following to the landlord:
 - a. certificates of insurance,
 - b. an indemnification with respect to mechanics' liens,
 - c. a temporary certificate of occupancy, and
 - d. a square footage building perimeter survey

The Debtors completed all of the above obligations, and pursuant to the Agreement, the Unpaid LR Obligation became due from Defendant on October 26, 2008.

20. During the course of the parties' relationship, the Debtors complied with all obligations under the Agreement for the Property. The Debtors' obligation to pay rent under the Agreement did not commence until the completion of the tenant improvements and opening of the store.

C. Defendant's Proofs Of Claim

(1) Claim No. 12088

- 21. On or about April 2, 2009, Defendant filed a claim in the amount of \$173,720.64, asserted administrative priority under Section 507(a)(1). The Claims Agent appointed by the Court designated this claim as claim no. 12088. The claim has several components, including a November stub rent, and other postpetition charges and taxes.
- 22. The Trust has reviewed the Books and Records, which substantially disagree with the amounts asserted in Claim No. 12088. The stub rent and other rent charges in the claim are improperly based on alternative rent figure from the lease, leading to an overstatement of \$79,388.07. In addition, the Books

and Records find no indication of the asserted post-petition taxes, and no support for the taxes is attached to the Claim. The Trust submits that the proper amount of Claim No. 12088 is \$70,338.33.

(2) Claim No. 12089

23. On or about April 2, 2009, Defendant filed a claim in the amount of \$814,951.85, as a general unsecured claim based on damages for rejection of the Agreement. The Claims Agent appointed by the Court designated this claim as claim no. 12089. After a thorough review of the Books and Records, and application of the limitation on damages set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 502(b)(6), the Trust has determined that Claim No. 12089 is vastly overstated. Again, Defendant uses an improper rent benchmark in its calculations. The Trust submits that the proper amount of this claim is no more than \$311,860.55.

COUNT I

BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 24. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 25. Pursuant to the Agreement, Defendant promised to pay to the Debtors the Unpaid LR Obligation in the amount of \$1,727,455.00.
- 26. The Agreement is a valid and enforceable agreement against Defendant.
 - 27. The Debtors performed their obligations under the Agreement.

- 28. Defendant's failure to compensate the Debtors for Unpaid LR Obligation in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00 constitutes a material breach of Defendant's obligations under the Agreement.
- 29. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breaches, the Debtors incurred damages in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.
- 30. Accordingly, the Trust is entitled to a judgment against Defendant in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.

COUNT II

UNJUST ENRICHMENT/QUASI CONTRACT

- 31. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 32. In the alternative to Count I, but without waiving any allegation with respect thereto, the Trust makes the following additional allegations in support of Count II.
- 33. The Debtors conferred a benefit upon Defendant pursuant to each of the Agreements by performing as required under the Agreement to the financial advantage of Defendants, in accordance with the parties' bargain therefor.
- 34. Defendant knowingly accepted the benefit conferred by the Debtors.
- 35. The Debtors reasonably expected to be compensated by Defendant in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00 pursuant to the terms of the parties' arrangement, and on account of the promised LR due to the Debtors in

conjunction with their occupation of the properties and the benefit conferred thereby upon Defendant.

- 36. Defendant's receipt of benefit without just compensation to the Debtors has unjustly enriched Defendant in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.
- 37. The Trust has no adequate remedy at law to recover the outstanding and unpaid LR.
- 38. Accordingly, as a result of Defendant's unjust enrichment at the Debtors' expense, the Trust is entitled to restitution from the Defendant in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.

COUNT III

TURNOVER OF PROPERTY PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 542

- 39. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 40. In the alternative to Counts I and II, but without waiving any allegation with respect thereto, the Trustee makes the following additional allegations in support of Count III.
- 41. Defendant is in possession, custody, and control of the Unpaid LR Obligation due to the Debtors in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.
 - 42. Defendant is not a custodian for the Unpaid LR Obligation.
- 43. The Unpaid LR Obligation constitute valid and existing debts, due and owing by Defendant to the Debtors.

- 44. The Unpaid LR Obligation is property of the Debtors' estates under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, and constitutes a debt that is matured, payable on demand, or payable on order.
- 45. Despite being requested to do so, Defendant has not turned over or paid to the Debtors the Unpaid LR Obligation.
- 46. Accordingly, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 542,

 Defendant should be compelled to immediately turn over and deliver to the Trust the

 Unpaid LR Obligation in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00.

COUNT IV

ACCOUNT STATED

- 47. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 48. During the course of the parties' relationship, Defendant incurred a debt to the Debtors for the Unpaid LR Obligation in the total amount of \$1,727,455.00.
- 49. Defendant has failed to pay the outstanding amount of \$1,727,455.00.
- 50. An account has been stated between the Debtors and the Defendant whereby Defendant is indebted to the Debtors in the total amount of \$1,727,455.00 on account of the Unpaid LR Obligation.
- 51. Despite the Debtors' demands, the Unpaid LR Obligation remain unpaid, and the Trust is entitled to judgment against Defendant in the amount of \$1,727,455.00, plus interest thereon.

COUNT V

OBJECTION TO CLAIM NO. 12088 AS OVERSTATED

- 52. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 53. The Trust has reviewed the Books and Records, which substantially disagree with the amounts asserted in Claim No. 12088. The stub rent and other rent charges in the claim are improperly based on alternative rent figure from the lease, leading to an overstatement of \$79,388.07. In addition, the Books and Records find no indication of the asserted post-petition taxes, and no support for the taxes is attached to the Claim. The Trust submits that the proper amount of Claim No. 12088 is \$70,338.33.
- 54. As a result, Defendant's Claim No. 12088 should be reduced to an amount not to exceed \$70,338.33.

COUNT VI

OBJECTION TO CLAIM NO. 12089 AS OVERSTATED

- 55. The Trustee repeats and realleges each of the allegations set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 56. After a thorough review of the Books and Records, and application of the limitation on damages set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 502(b)(6), the Trust has determined that Claim No. 12089 is vastly overstated. Again, Defendant uses an improper rent benchmark in its calculations. The Trust submits that the proper amount of this claim is no more than \$311,860.55.

57. As a result, Defendant's Claim No. 12089 should be reduced to an amount not to exceed \$311,860.55.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Trustee respectfully requests and prays that the Court:

- i. Pursuant to Count I, enter judgment against Defendant for breach of contract and award the Trust damages in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00; and
- ii. In the alternative to Count I, pursuant to Count II, enter judgment against Defendant for unjust enrichment and award the Trust restitution damages on account of Defendant's unjust enrichment in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00; and
- iii. In the alternative to Counts I and II, pursuant to Count III, order Defendant to immediately turn over and deliver to the Trustee the Unpaid LR Obligation in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00; and
- iv. In the alternative to Counts I, II and III, pursuant to Count IV, enter judgment against Defendant for an account stated and award the Trust damages in an amount not less than \$1,727,455.00; and
- v. Pursuant to Count V, reduce Claim No. 12088 to the proper amount of \$70,338.33; and
- vi. Pursuant to Count VI, reduce Claim No. 12089 to the proper amount of \$311,860.55; and
- vii. Award the Trust prejudgment interest at the legally allowed applicable rate;
 - viii. Award the Trust costs, and expenses of suit herein; and
- ix. Grant the Trust such other and further relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

Dated: Richmond, Virginia November 9, 2010 TAVENNER & BERAN, PLC

/s/ Lynn L. Tavenner

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